



Approval body for construction products and types of construction

**Bautechnisches Prüfamt** 

An institution established by the Federal and Laender Governments



# European Technical Assessment

ETA-17/0402 of 20 August 2020

English translation prepared by DIBt - Original version in German language

#### **General Part**

Technical Assessment Body issuing the European Technical Assessment:

Trade name of the construction product

Product family to which the construction product belongs

Manufacturer

Manufacturing plant

This European Technical Assessment contains

This European Technical Assessment is issued in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 305/2011, on the basis of

This version replaces

Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

HAZ Metal - HB-11 undercut anchor

Fastener for rear fixing of facade panels made of natural stones according to EN 1469

HAZ Metal Deutschland GmbH Alfred-Zippe-Straße 1 97877 Wertheim DEUTSCHLAND

Plant 1

14 pages including 3 annexes which form an integral part of this assessment

EAD 330030-00-0601, Edition October 2018

ETA-17/0402 issued on 13 December 2018



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#### Specific Part

#### 1 Technical description of the product

The HAZ - HB11 undercut anchor is a fastener of sizes M6 and M8 made of stainless steel consists of a threaded bolt with a smooth conical part at the end and an expansion sleeve slides over the threaded part of the bolt in combination with a washer and hexagonal nut. At the threaded end of the bolt, a hexagon socket is formed for fastening the HAZ-HB11 in the undercut hole which results in a backflash-free connection between fastener and the façade panel.

The product description is given in Annex A. The material values, dimensions and tolerances of the components of the fastener not indicated in the annexes shall correspond to the values laid down in the technical documentation<sup>1</sup>.

# 2 Specification of the intended use in accordance with the applicable European Assessment Document

The performances given in Section 3 are only valid if the fastener is used in compliance with the specifications and conditions given in Annex B.

The verifications and assessment methods on which this European Technical Assessment is based lead to the assumption of a working life of the fasteners of at least 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

#### 3 Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment

# 3.1 Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 1)

Essential characteristic	Performance	
Characteristic resistance to breakout or pull-out failure under tension load	See Annex C 1	
Characteristic resistance to breakout or pull-out failure under shear load	See Annex C 1	
Characteristic resistance to breakout or pull-out failure under combined tension and shear load	See Annex C 1	
Edge distance and spacing	See Annex B 3 and C 1	
Durability	Corrosion Resistance Class (CRC) III in accordance with EN 1993-1-4:2015	
Characteristic resistance to steel failure under tension and shear loads	See Annex C 2	

#### 3.2 Safety in case of fire (BWR 2)

Essential characteristic	Performance	
Reaction to fire	Class A1	-

The technical documentation comprises all information of the holder of this ETA necessary for the production, installation and maintenance of the fastener; these are in particular design drawings. The part to be treated confidentially is deposited with Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik and, as far as this is relevant to the tasks of the approved bodies involved in the procedure of attestation of conformity, shall be handed over to the approved body.



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Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP) system applied, with reference to its legal base

In accordance with EAD No. 330030-00-0601 the applicable European legal act is: [97/161/EG]. The system to be applied is: 2+

Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as provided for in the applicable European Assessment Document

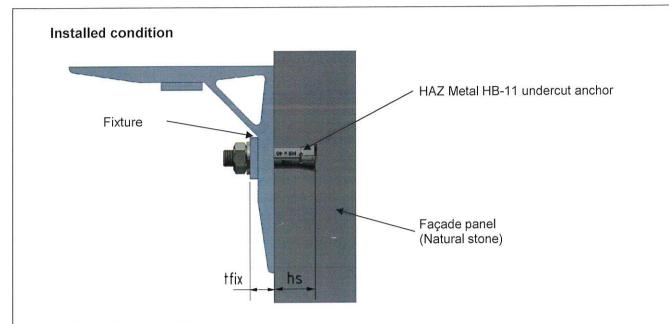
Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system are laid down in the control plan deposited with Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.

Issued in Berlin on 20 August 2020 by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

BD Dipl.-Ing. Andreas Kummerow Head of Department

beglaubigt: Aksünger





# Product description:

HAZ Metal undercut anchor HB-11 with washer and nut.

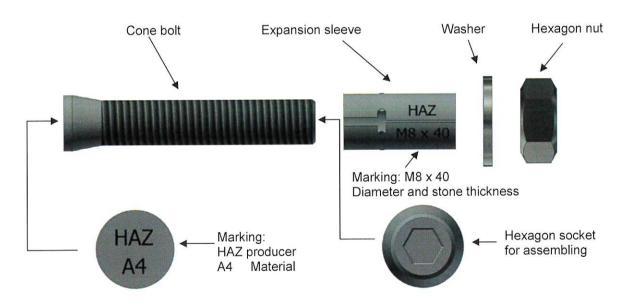


Table A1: Materials

Designation	Material
HB-11 cone bolt with expansion sleeve	Stainless steel A4, in accordance with EN 10088:2014
Washer	Stainless steel A4, in accordance with EN 10088:2014
Hexagon nut	Stainless steel A4-80, in accordance with EN 10088:2014

HAZ Metal - HB-11 Hinterschnittanker	
Product description	Annex A1
Installed condition and marking Materials	



#### Specifications of intended use

#### Anchorages subject to:

· Static and quasi-static loading.

#### Base material:

- Façade panels made of natural stone in accordance with EN 1469:2015.
- Natural stone free of open seams and mechanically active cracks and alterations.
- Natural stone classified in accordance with Table B1.
- Characteristic values of the panels correspond to Table B2.

#### Table B1: Stone groups

	Stone group	Natural stone type	Boundary conditions	
ı	High-quality intrusive rocks (plutonic rocks)	granite, granitite, tonalite, diorite, monzonite, gabbro, other magmatic plutonic rocks	None	
II	Metamorphic rocks with "hard stone characteristics"	quarzite, granulite, gneiss, migmatite	None	
III	High quality extrusive rocks (volcanic rocks)	basalt and basaltlava without harmful ingredients (e.g. sun burner basalt)	Minimum density ρ: basalt: 2,7 kg/dm³ basaltic lava: 2,2 kg/dm³	
IV	Sedimentary rocks with "Hard-stone characteristics"1)	sandstone, limestone and marble	Minimum density ρ: sandstone: 2,1 kg/dm³	

For façade panels made of natural stones with planes of anisotropies, the difference between the flexural strength determined parallel to the planes of anisotropy and perpendicular to the edges of the planes of anisotropy shall not be more than 50 %.

#### Use conditions (Environmental conditions):

In accordance with EN 1993-1-4:2015 dependent on Corrosion Resistancy Class (see ETA sect. 3.1).

#### Design:

- Anchorages are designed under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and façade design.
- Verifiable calculations notes and drawings are prepared taking account of the loads to be anchored.
- Anchorages under static or quasi-static loading are designed in accordance with:
   EOTA Technical Report TR 062 "Design of fasteners for façade panels made of natural stone".

HAZ Metal - HB-11 Hinterschnittanker	
Intended use Specifications	Annex B1

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#### Installation:

- The undercut drill holes are prepared at the factory or on site under workshop conditions. In case of drilling on site, supervision of the person responsible for technical matters of the site or a skilled representative thereof is required.
- The undercut drill holes are drilled with a special drill bit in accordance with Table B4. The drill bit should be used with a special HAZ-MC-11 drilling machine. Other suitable drilling machines may also be used.
- The drill dust shall be removed from the drill hole.
- In case of an aborted drill hole, the newly drilled hole must be placed with a minimum spacing of twice the depth of the aborted drill hole.
- The geometry of the drill holes shall be checked in 1 % of all drillings. The following dimensions are to be checked and documented following the manufacturer's instructions and using the gauge in accordance with Table B3:

Diameter of the drill hole
Depth of the drill hole
Diameter of the undercut
Height of the undercut
h<sub>2</sub>.

If the tolerances in accordance with Table B3 are not met, the drill hole geometry shall be checked in 25 % of the performed drillings. No subsequently checked drill hole max exceed the tolerances, otherwise all drill holes shall be controlled. Drill holes not meeting the tolerances shall not be used for anchor installation.

Note: Checking the drill hole geometry of 1 % of the drill holes means that on one out of 25 slabs with four drill holes in each slab (100 drill holes) one drill hole shall be checked. If the tolerances given in Table B3 are not met, then the control shall be increased to 25 % of the drilling holes e.g. one drill hole on each of the 25 slabs.

- During transport and storage on site the façade panels are protected from damages. The façade panels shall not be mounted with jerking motions to avoid damage to the panels. It necessary, lifting devices can be used. Façade panels or reveal slabs with incipient cracks shall not be installed.
- Overhead installation is allowed.

HAZ Metal - HB-11 Hinterschnittanker	
Intended use Specifications	Annex B2



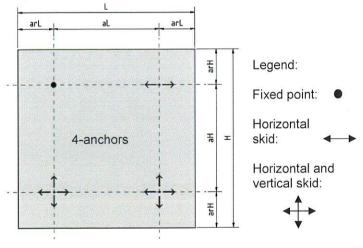
Table B2: Properties of natural stone panels

Nominal panel thickness		h <sub>nom</sub>	[mm]	$\geq 25 \ (30)^{2)}$
Minimum panel thickness		h <sub>min</sub> 1)	[mm]	h <sub>s</sub> + 12,5 mm
Maximum panel size		А	[m²]	3)
Maximum side length		H and L	[m]	3)
Number of anchors (figure B1)		N	[-]	4
Minimum edge distance		ar⊦,min, a <sub>rL,min</sub>	[mm]	100
Maximum edge distance		a <sub>rH,max,</sub> a <sub>rL,max</sub>	[mm]	0,25 * H 0,25 * L
Minimum spacing		a∟ und aн	[mm]	8 * h <sub>s</sub>
Minimum characteristic flexu	ral strength in accorda	ance with EN 1237	2:2006	
Granito Crema Julia Rosa	Stone group I	σ5%	[N/mm²]	12,0
Warthauer Sandstone	Stone group IV	<b>O</b> 5%	[N/mm²]	3,9
Jura Lage 18	Stone group IV	σ5%	[N/mm²}	11,4

<sup>1)</sup> Minimum panel thickness is equal to the lower limit tolerance.

Depends on loads

Figure B1: Façade panel with fixing points



HAZ Metal - HB-11 Hinterschnittanker	
Intended use Parameters of the natural stone panel	Annex B3

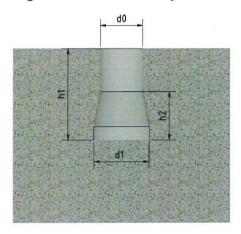
For sandstone, limestone and basaltic lava: panel thickness d ≥ 30 mm, if the panel manufacturer warranted lowest expected value (5 %- fractile) of the flexural strength is < 8 N/mm².



Table B3: Installation parameters

Size			М6	M8
Embedment depth	hs	[mm]	12,5 ≤ 0,5	* $h_{nom} \le 30$
Drill hole depth	h <sub>1</sub>	[mm]	hs -	+ 1,0
Diameter of the drill hole	$d_0$	[mm]	8 +0,5/+0,1	10 +0,5/+0,1
Diameter of the undercut	d <sub>1</sub>	[mm]	11 ± 0,5	13 ± 0,5
Height of the undercut	h <sub>2</sub>	[mm]	11 :	± 0,5
Installation torque moment	T <sub>inst</sub>	[Nm]		5
Width across flats	SW	[mm]	10	13
Max. diameter of clearance hole in fixture	d <sub>f</sub>	[mm]	7	9
Max. fixture thickness	t <sub>fix</sub>	[mm]	1	12

Figure B2: Geometry of drill hole



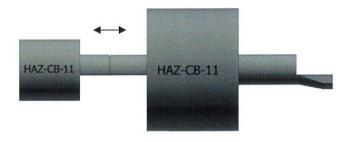
HAZ Metal - HB-11 Hinterschnittanker	
Intended use	Annex B4
Installation parameters	



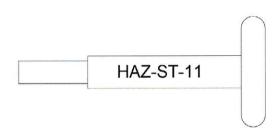
#### Drill bit HAZ-DB-M...



### HAZ Metal gauge HAZ-CB-11-M...



# HAZ Metal setting tool HAZ-ST-11-M...



# Table B4: Drilling and setting tools

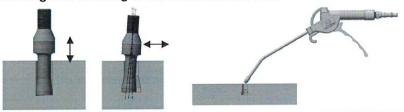
Anchor	Drilling	Drill hole check	Installation
HAZ	HAZ	M2CF11 HAZCF11	HAZ-ST-11
HB11-M6x	HAZ-DB-M6x	HAZ-CB-M6x	HAZ-ST-11-M6
HB11-M8x	HAZ-DB-M8x	HAZ-CB-M8x	HAZ-ST-11-M8

HAZ Metal - HB-11 Hinterschnittanker	
Intended use Drill bit, gauge and setting tool	Annex B5

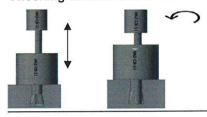


#### Installation instructions

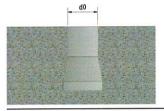
# Drilling and cleaning of the undercut drill hole



### Checking dimensions of the drill hole with gauge



#### A) Drill hole diameter do



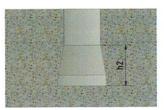
### B) Drill hole depth h<sub>1</sub>



#### C) Diameter of the undercut d<sub>1</sub>



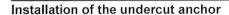
## D) Height of the undercut h2



HAZ Metal - HB-11 Hinterschnittanker

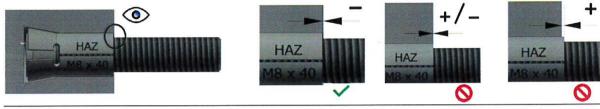
Intended use Installation instructions Annex B6







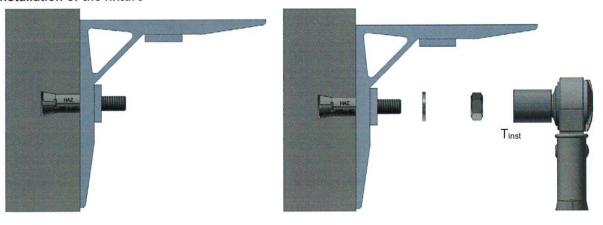
### Checking of the embedment depth



### Checking of red ring visibility (proof of correct expansion)



#### Installation of the fixture



Intended use
Installation instructions

Annex B7



Table C1: Characteristic resistance M6

Size		М6				
Designation of natural stone			Jura Lage 18	Crema Julia Rosa		
Country of origin			Germany	Spain		
Petrographic description			Limestone	Granite		
Panel thickness	h	[mm]	30	30		
Edge distance	ar	[mm]	100	100		
Embedment depth	hs	[mm]	15	15		
Characteristic resistance:						
Tension load	N <sub>Rk</sub> 1)	[kN]	3,90	7,65		
Shear load	$V_{Rk}^{1)}$	[kN]	5,48	8,16		
Partial safety factor	γм	[-]	1,	8		
Combined tension and shear load:						
	Х		1,	0		
Y			1,0			

For other natural stones according to Table B1, the resistance is determined in accordance with Technical Report TR 062 "Design of façade panels made of natural stone (without slate)".

Table C1.1: Characteristic resistance M8

Size			M8						
Designation of natural stone		Warthauer Sandstone		Jura Lage 18			Crema Julia Rosa		
Country of origin			Poland			Germany			Spain
Petrographic description			Sandstone			Limestone			Granite
Panel thickness	h	[mm]	30	30	40	30	65	65	30
Edge distance	ar	[mm]	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Embedment depth	hs	[mm]	15	20	20	20	15	20	15
Characteristic resistar	ıce:			***					
Tension load	N <sub>Rk</sub> 1)	[kN]	2,39	3,05	3,05	4,16	6,12	9,71	7,40
Shear load	$V_{Rk}^{1)}$	[kN]	2)	3,01	2)	6,24	2)	2)	10,56
Partial safety factor	γм	[-]	1,8						
Combined tension and	d shear loa	ıd:							
	Х		2)	1,0	2)	1,2	2)	2)	1,0
	Υ		2)	1,0	2)	1,5	2)	2)	1,0

For other natural stones according to Table B1, the resistance is determined in accordance with Technical Report TR 062 "Design of façade panels made of natural stone (without slate)".

2) No performance assessed

Annex C1



# Table C2: Characteristic resistance for steel failure

Size			M6	M8
Characteristic resistance under tension load	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	12,81	25,63
Partial safety factor	γ <sub>M s<sup>1)</sup></sub>	[-]	1,87	
Characteristic resistance under shear load	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	7,04	12,81
Partial safety factor	γ <sub>M s<sup>1)</sup></sub>	[-]	1,56	

<sup>1)</sup> In absence of national regulations.

HAZ Metal - HB-11 Hinterschnittanker

Performances
Characteristic resistance in steel resistance

Annex C2